

SPE Topcon Slides



Probir Guha Introduction-Background

- ▶ Probir retired at the end of 2021 after an illustrious career in the composites industry mostly with companies including The Budd Company, Continental Structural Plastics and Coats.
- ▶ Over an almost 50-year career, he has enjoyed leadership positions in various companies
- ▶ Where he had an opportunity to work with and learn from some of the best talent in our industry
- ▶ Probir is extremely appreciative of being recognized by his peers in 2022 with two prestigious Awards
 - ▶ The SPE Automotive's Lifetime Achievement Award
 - ▶ & the ACMA's Hall of Fame Award
- ▶ Retirement' was short-lived for Probir
- ▶ He formed a technology consulting company, Composites Innovations Inc. to continue the pursuit of cost-effective light weight composites & have fun !



Overview

- ▶ In the next few minutes, I'd like to share some of my observations about the world of composites over the past several years
- ▶ The experiences I share will be mostly derived from “SMC in automotive” – that is where I have been since grad school!
- ▶ But a lot of it can be translated into other material, processes and applications
- ▶ The discussion will be on
 - ▶ SMC and applications
 - ▶ against an important background of innovations
 - ▶ & learning from ‘other’ industries, value-adds to composite products, emerging technologies
- ▶ Today I hope to learn from you as well – please do participate in the end where I will seek your feedback on factors that may affect our industry



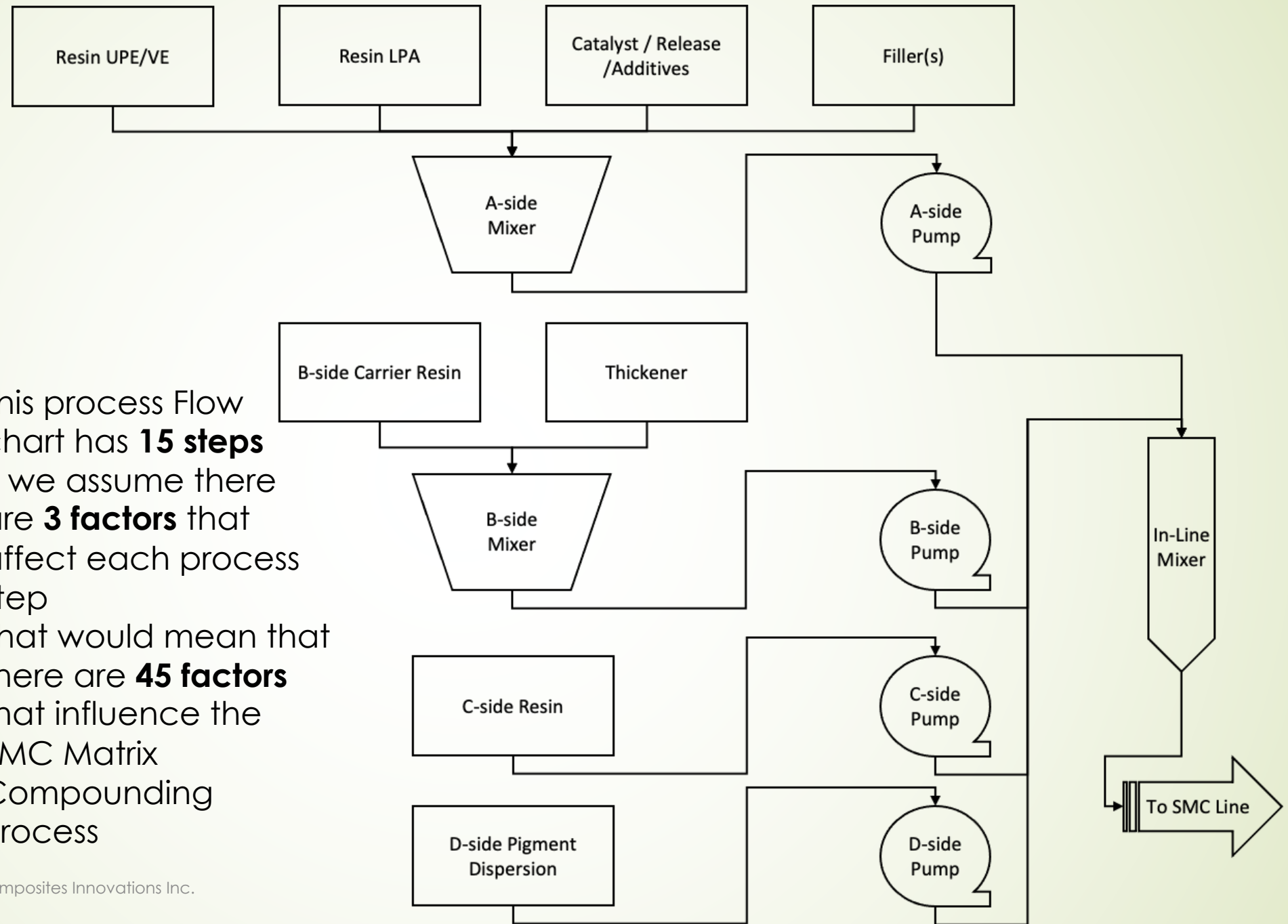
The SMC process & Evolution of Applications over 40+ Years

Paste Compounding Process

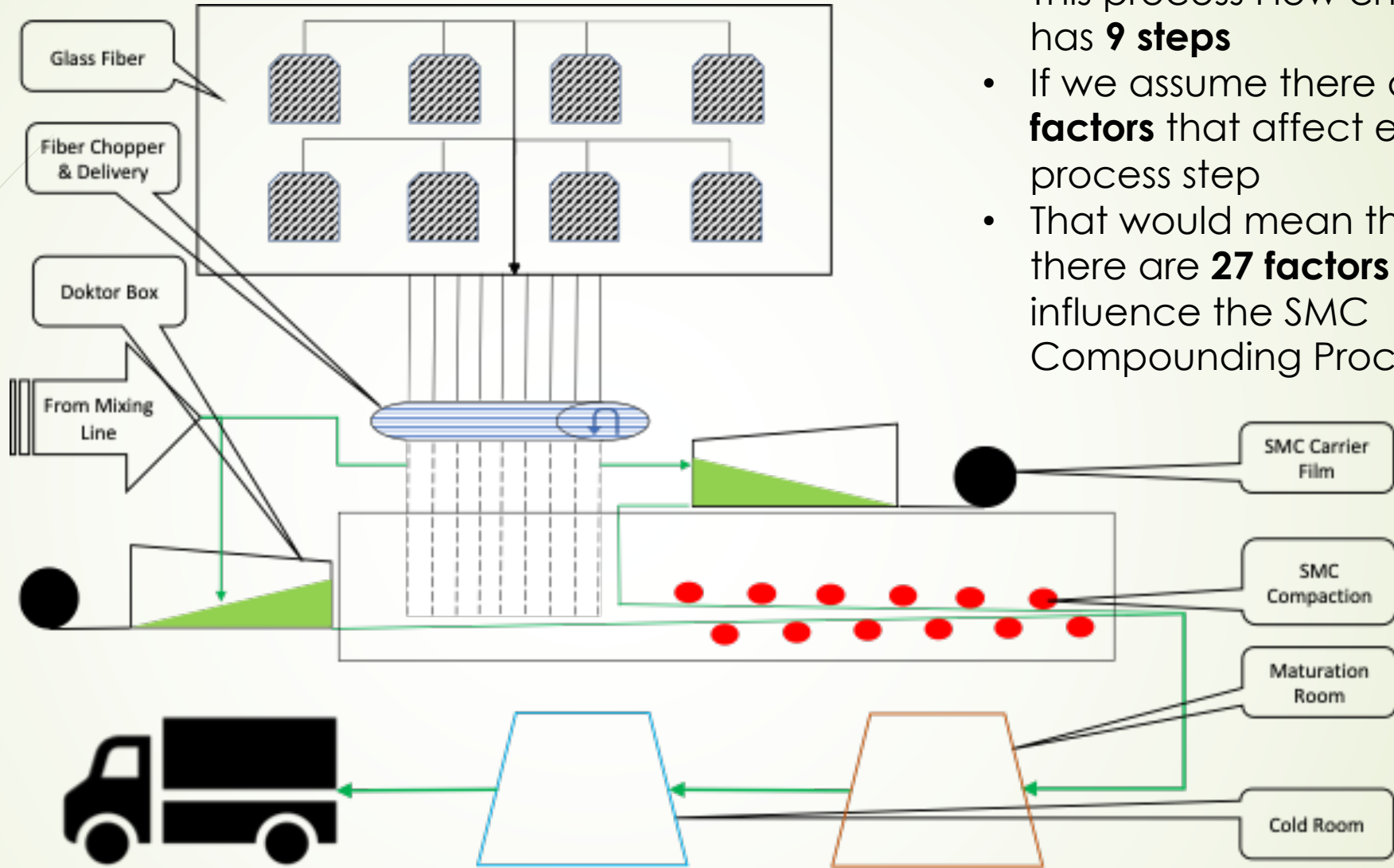
$$3 * 15 = 45 !!$$

- This process Flow chart has **15 steps**
- If we assume there are **3 factors** that affect each process step
- That would mean that there are **45 factors** that influence the SMC Matrix Compounding Process

Composites Innovations Inc.



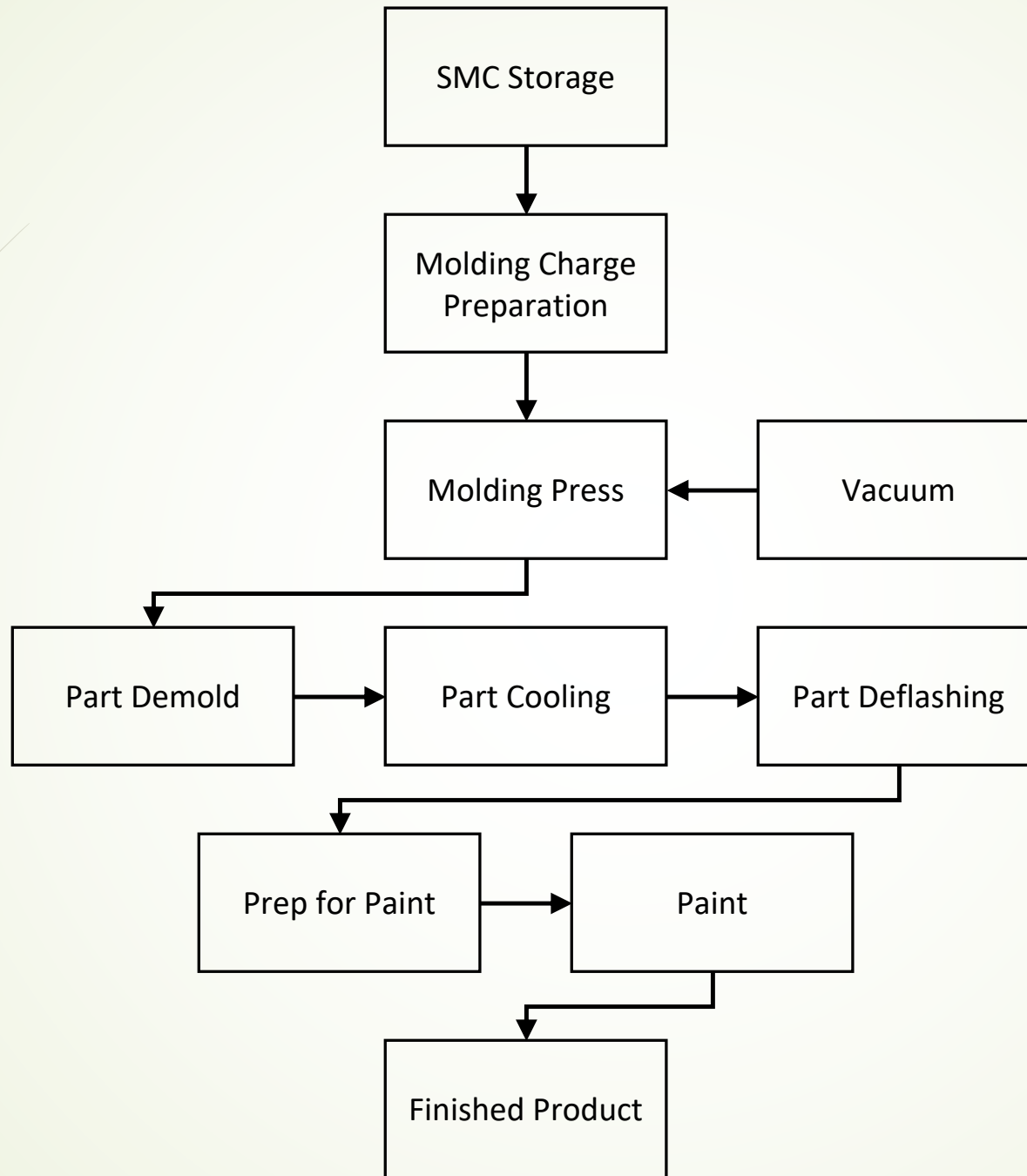
SMC Compounding Process



- This process Flow chart has **9 steps**
- If we assume there are **3 factors** that affect each process step
- That would mean that there are **27 factors** that influence the SMC Compounding Process

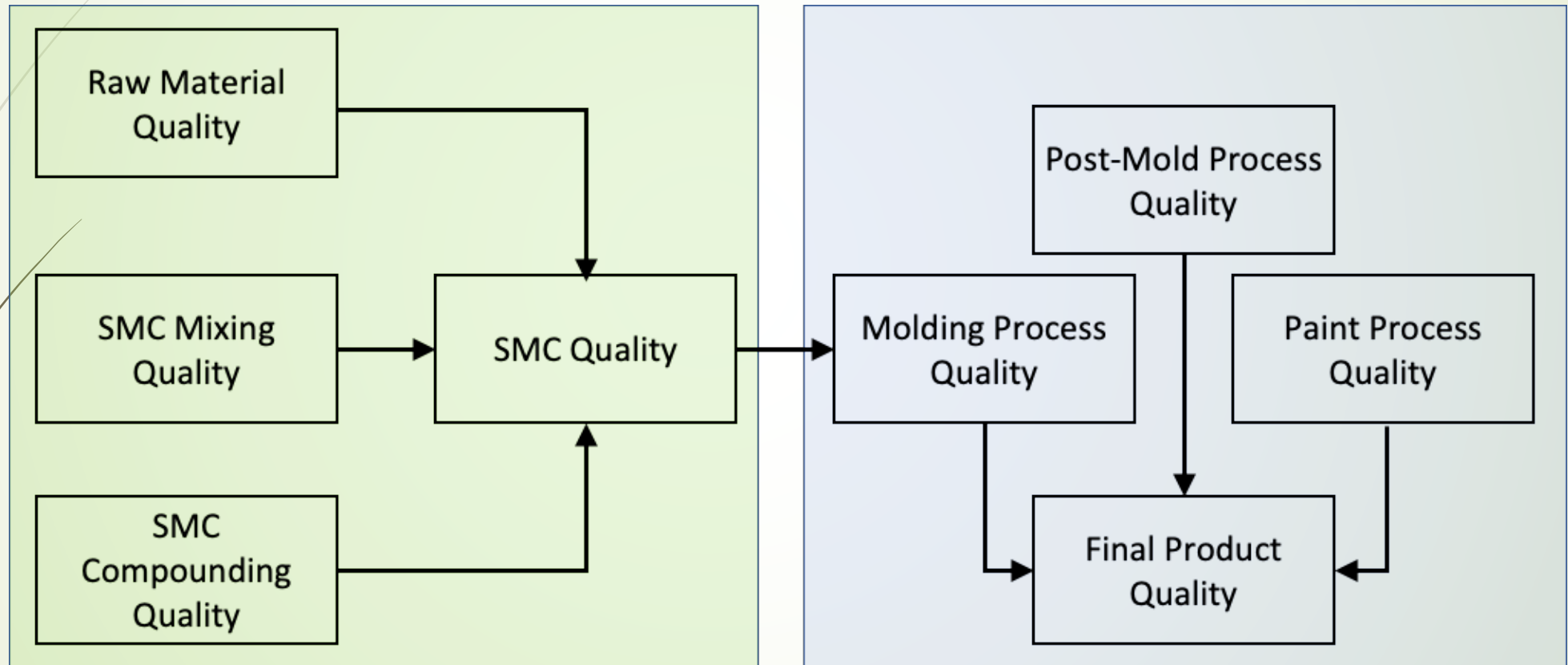
$$3 * 9 = 27 !!$$

SMC Molding/Painting Process



- This process Flow chart has **10 steps**
- If we assume there are **3 factors** that affect each process step
- That would mean that there are **30 factors** that influence the SMC Molding/Painting Process

Over 100 (!) Factors Affect Final Product Quality



Automotive Body Panels

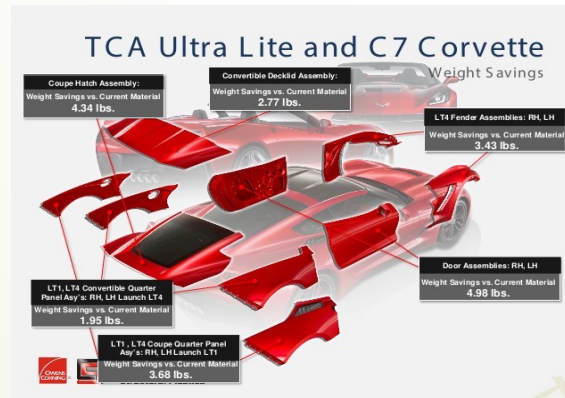
Consider other pictures



General Motors Medium Duty Truck Body Panels



Mustang Hood & Decklid



Corvette Body Panels

- Composites in automotive body panel applications started around the 70's
- Grill Opening Panels (GOPs) used to be made out several stamped steel components welded together
- SMC and BMC gradually became the material of choice
- Class 'A' Body Panel grade SMCs entered the market in the mid-80's
- How can thermoset composites offer more than Thermoplastics (vertical panels) & Aluminum?

Automotive & Heavy Truck Body Panels



- Composites in automotive body panel applications started around the 70's
- Grill Opening Panels (GOPs) used to be made out several stamped steel components welded together
- SMC and BMC gradually became the material of choice
- Class 'A' Body Panel grade SMCs entered the market in the mid-80's
- **How can thermoset composites offer more than Thermoplastics (vertical panels) & Aluminum?**

The Pickup Box Revolution



- Ford Sport Trac; Toyota Tacoma; Hyundai Santa Cruz; Toyota Tundra
- The success of SMC Pickup Boxes started in the late '90s to early 2000 and continues today
- Advantages cited include **weight reduction and corrosion resistance and higher impact resistance**
- **Could composites offer more?**

The EV Battery Cover



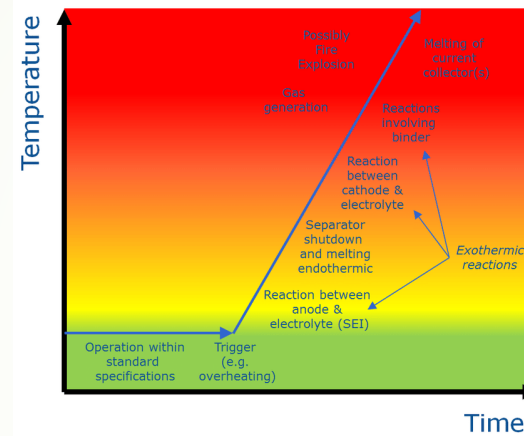
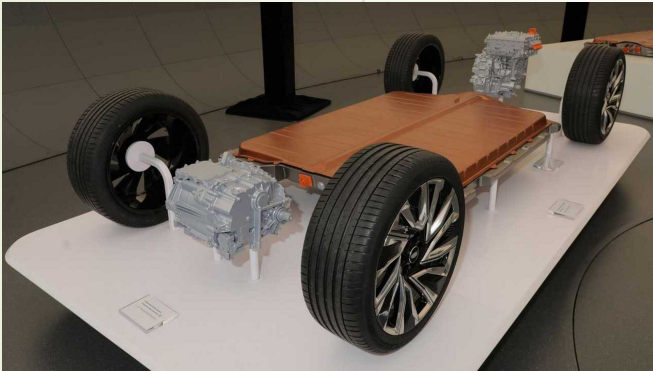
Chevrolet Volt Battery Cover



Chevrolet Spark Battery Cover

- Early success of thermoset composites started after thermoplastic valve covers faced distortion issues
- This early success then led to the first EV Battery Covers from structural SMC
- **Innovations in this application continues today**

The Future in EV Battery Trays



- New Challenges
 - **Side Pole Impact**
 - **Thermal Runaway**
- Old Challenges
 - Weight
 - Cost
- Solutions driven by
 - Continuous fiber
 - Carbon-Glass Hybrid
 - Chemistry for thermal solutions
 - AI-ML being used for 'rapid learning'

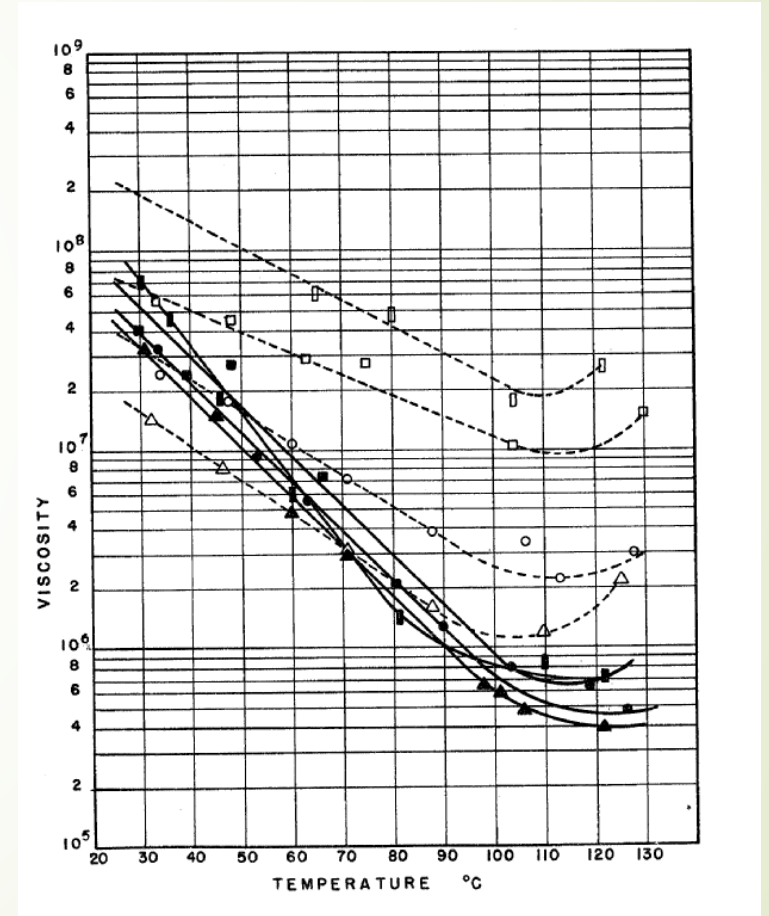




Some Innovations in the Past Five Decades!

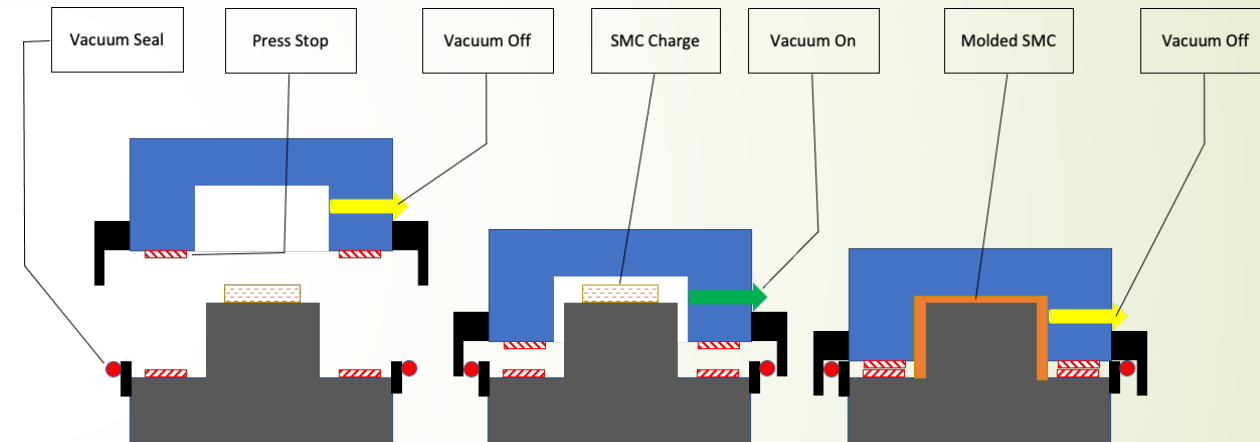
Urethane Chemistry in SMC

- **Isocyanate C-side**
- CA1079890 - Thermosetting Unsaturated Polyester-unsaturated Monomer Filled Composition Comprising Organic Polyisocyanate Metallic (Hydr) Oxide Thickening System
- **Year - 1980**
- **Objective**
 - Reduce the temperature sensitivity of the SMC paste matrix viscosity during molding
- **Comments –**
 - The work was initiated in 1973 to **reduce the temperature sensitivity of the SMC matrix during the molding cycle**
 - One of the first use of **Urethane and Polyester chemistry in SMC**



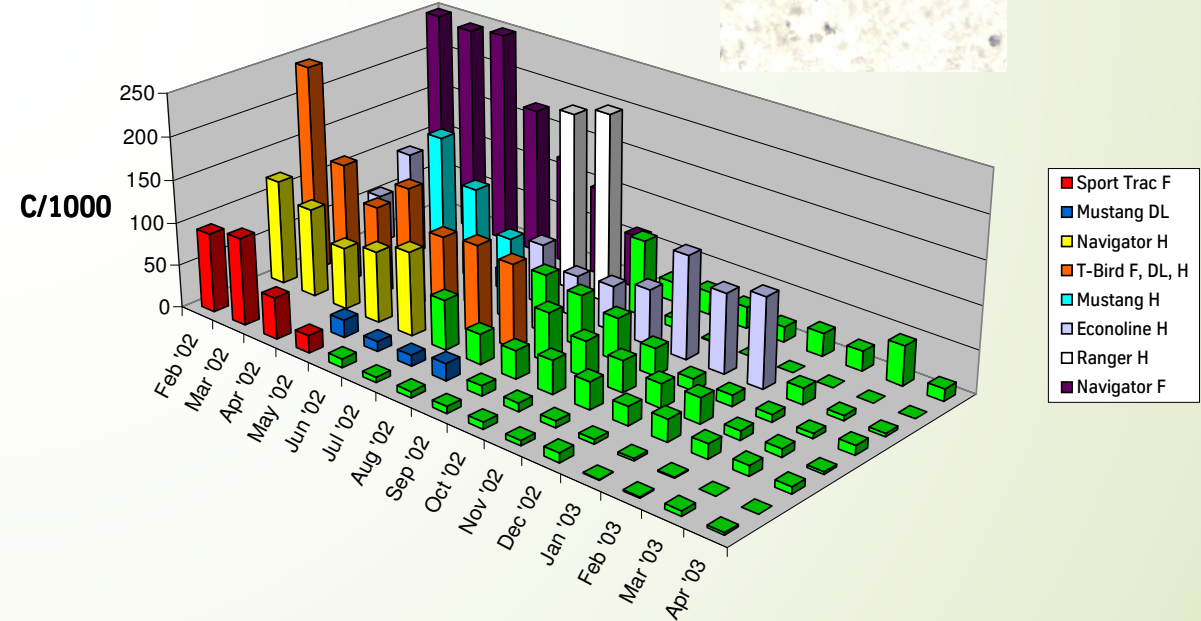
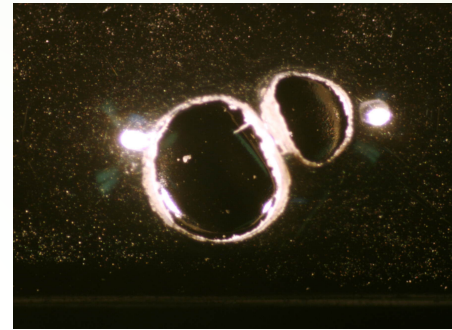
Vacuum Molding Process

- **Vacuum Molding**
- CA1325704 - Vacuum Compression Molding Apparatus
- US20150360425 - Vacuum Molding Of Thermoset
- **Year** - The Budd Co - 1994 ; CSP - 2015
- **Objective**
 - Elimination of surface porosity
- **Comments**
 - **Vacuum molding has been key** to the growth of appearance and the pickup box applications
 - Vacuum molding continues to evolve and **remains a key part of the SMC molding process**



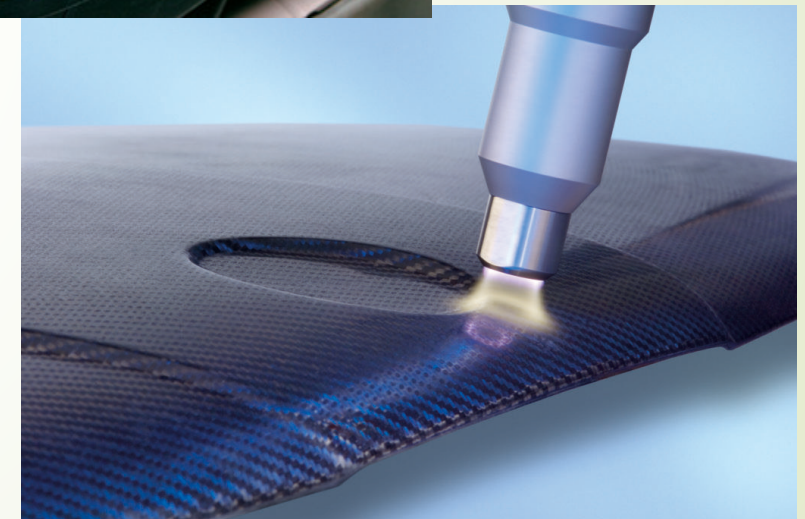
Urethane Chemistry in SMC

- **UPE backbone modification (TCA)**
- US20050054761 - Reinforced Polyester Resins Having Increased Toughness And Crack Resistance
- **Year - 2005**
- **Objective**
 - To eliminate paint defects on molded body panels
- **Status & Comments –**
 - Significant **innovation for painted applications**
 - True example of **successful industry collaboration** – Ford/Budd/AOC
 - Was a natural progression of a 1973 innovation – **urethanes in SMC**



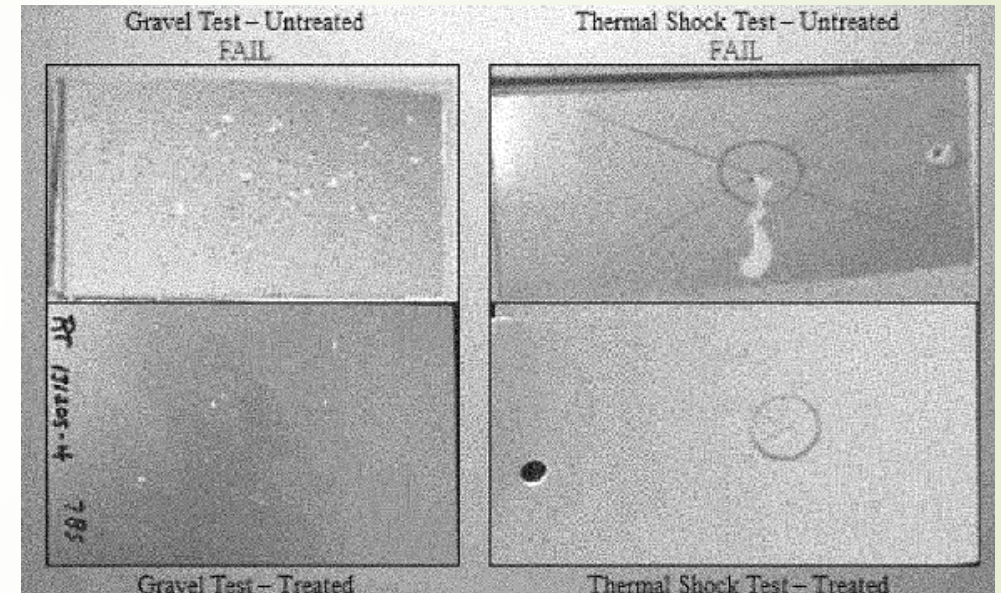
Surface Treatment to Enhance Adhesion

- ▶ **Plasma treatment of SMC**
- ▶ US20130136929 - Plasma Treated Molding Composition And Process For Modifying A Surface Thereof
- ▶ **Year - 2013**
- ▶ **Objective**
 - ▶ Obtain a robust consistent molded SMC surface for better adhesion
- ▶ **Comments –**
 - ▶ Chemically **altering surface chemistry** through automation
 - ▶ Surface chemistry in composites is key – **we can expect more to come**



Low Density SMC

- ▶ **Low Density SMC - Treated Glass Bubbles**
- ▶ US20150376350 - Low-density Molding Compound Containing Surface Derivatized Microspheres
- ▶ **Year** - 2015
- ▶ **Objective**
 - ▶ A lower density Class 'A' SMC – for a better lightweight solution
- ▶ **Status & Comments** –
 - ▶ Developed chemistry to **improve the bonding between the bubble and the matrix** and improved mechanical properties
 - ▶ Brought **SMC performance to the level of Aluminum**



Use of Continuous Fiber

- **Multiple TFP patents**
- US20210008816 - Multiple Layer Article With Interactive Reinforcements Linear Ribbon Fiber Reinforcement For Composite Forms
- **Year - 2021**
- **Objective**
 - Process to develop a 'cost effective' process to make near net-shape preforms using multiple fibers in multiple directions
- **Comments –**
 - Continuous **Fiber handling technology from Textiles** (ZSK; Coats)
 - Chopped to **continuous directed fiber is a significant gain of mechanical properties**



Smart Composites

- ▶ **Value-Added Composites**

- ▶ US20210402719 - Vehicle Component Based On Selective Commingled Fiber Bundle Having Integral Electrical Harness And Embedded Electronics

- ▶ US20210053304 - Selective Commingled Fiber Bundle Preform Having Integral Optical Fiber Strain Sensor

- ▶ **Year** – 2021

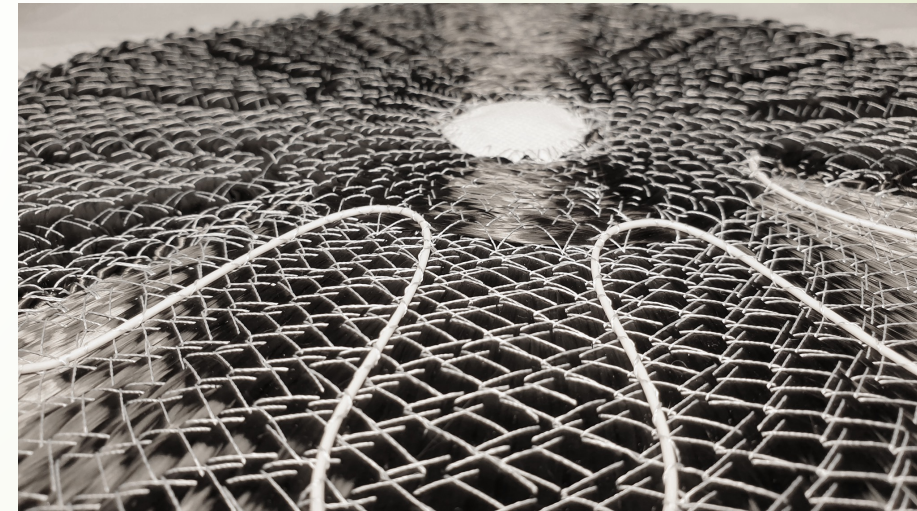
- ▶ **Objective**

- ▶ Incorporate conductive paths, embedded electronics or optical fiber on a preform

- ▶ **Comments** –

- ▶ This allows for the molded component to have **properties without any additional secondary component or major post-mold operation**

- ▶ **Emerging technology** – there will be more





Challenges and Opportunities Ahead



Challenges and Opportunities

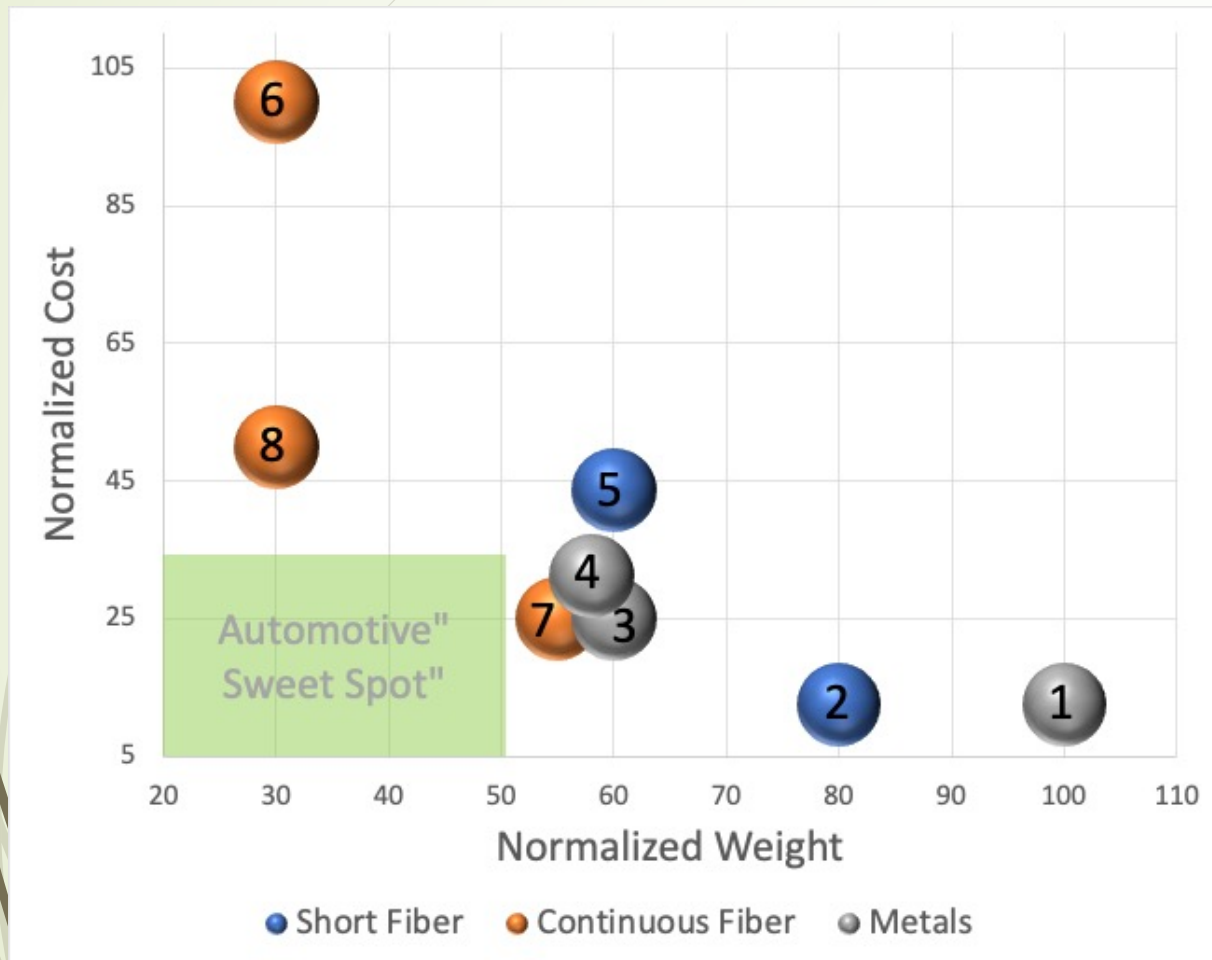
- Challenges - three eternal hurdles

- Cost
- Weight
- Sustainability

- Opportunities – new horizons

- Use of Continuous Fibers
- Use of AI-ML
- Value-Added use of embedded Electronics

Weight vs. Cost Scenario



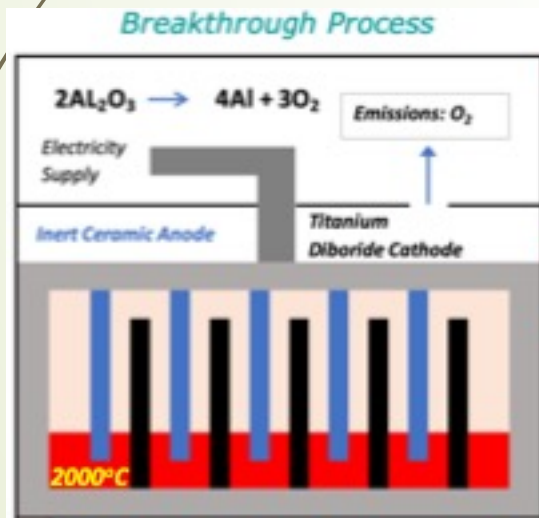
- We want low weight @ low cost!
- **Metals**
 - Steel (1); Aluminum (3) & Magnesium (4)
- **Chopped Fiber Composites**
 - GF-SMC (2); CF-SMC (5)
- **Continuous Fiber Composites**
 - Conventional CF (6); GF-TFP (7); CF-TFP (8)
- **Continuous Fiber composites & Multi-Material is the way to go!**

Sustainability Challenges

First US steel plants powered by wind, solar energy are coming for industry with big carbon footprint

PUBLISHED SAT, DEC 7 2019-10:30 AM EST | UPDATED SAT, DEC 7 2019-10:31 AM EST

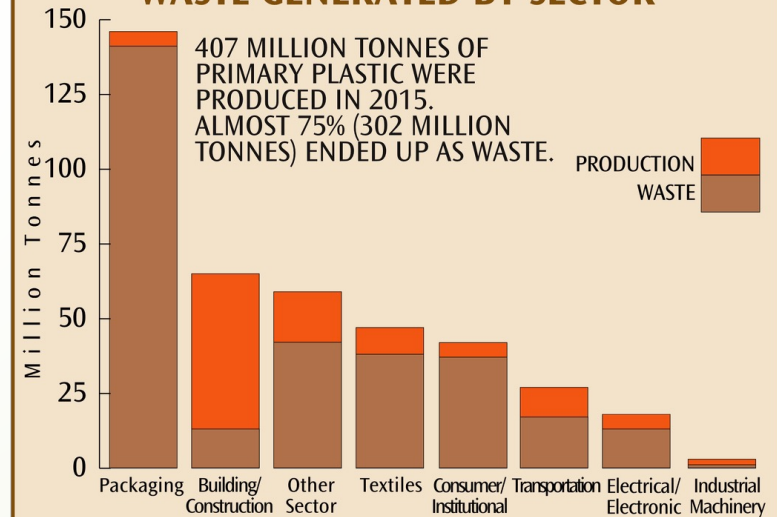
The steel industry has a massive carbon footprint, as much as 6% to 7% of the world's greenhouse gas emissions, according to a Rocky Mountain Institute [study](#). A new [Nucor](#) steel microplant in Missouri is trying to put a dent in that number.



- Breaks Al_2O_3 molecule **directly** - No Carbon
- Emission: Oxygen
- Capital and Operating costs: 15% lower

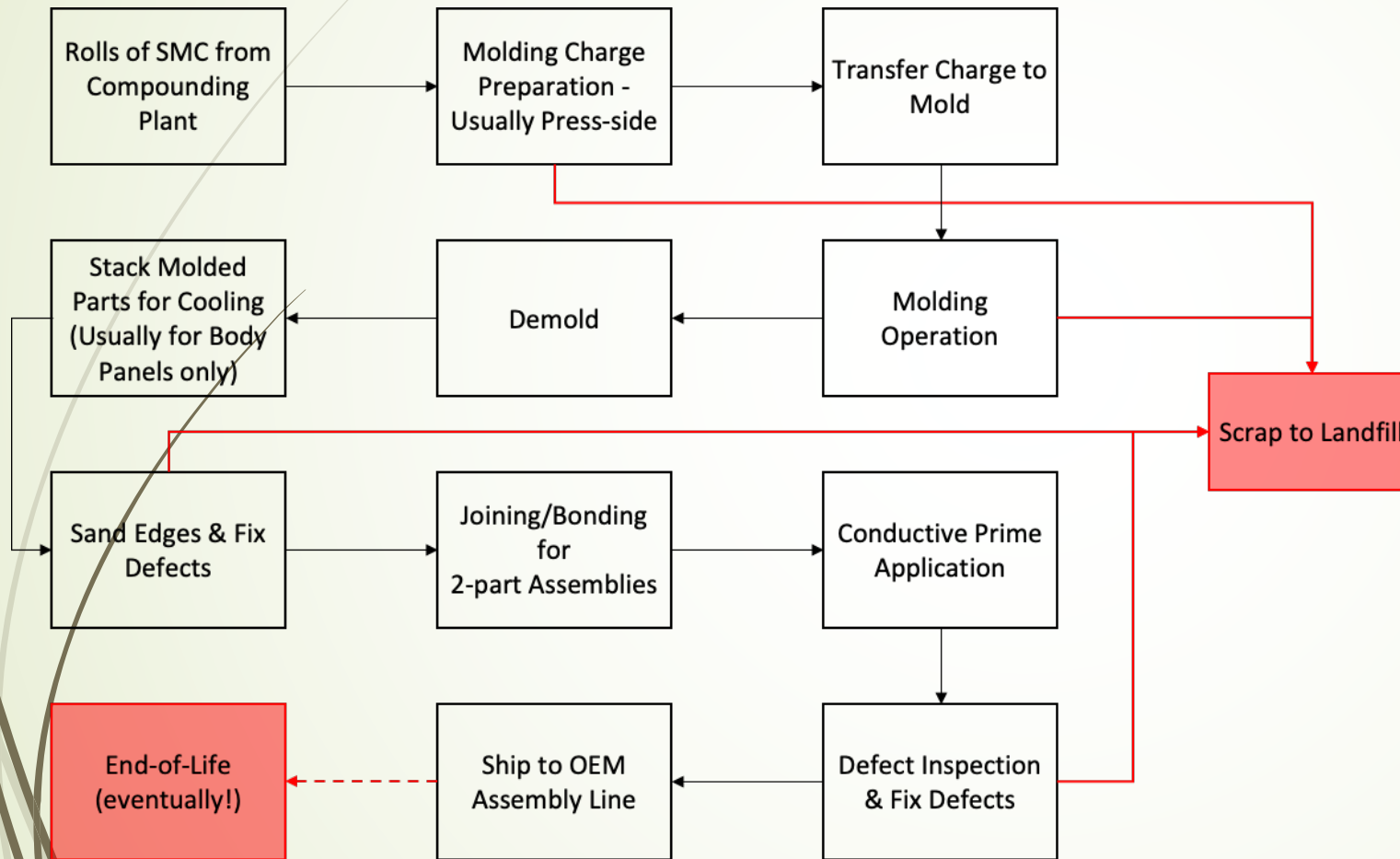
Metals are showing progress!
Can we show progress in
thermosets?

GLOBAL PLASTIC PRODUCTION AND WASTE GENERATED BY SECTOR



Source: "Production, use, and fate of all plastics ever made." Geyer, R., Jambeck, J. R., & Law, K. L. (2017), advances.sciencemag.org/content/3/7/e1700782.full

SMC Waste Streams



- Typical manufacturing process – **waste streams in red**
- Eliminate or re-use waste
- For effective **recycling** we **require knowledge on**
 - Post Consumer **Collection streams** for composites
 - **Separation technologies** for end-of-life composite parts
 - **Economically viable recycle methods** for composites



Challenges and Opportunities



- ▶ Challenges - three eternal hurdles

- ▶ Cost

- ▶ Weight

- ▶ Sustainability

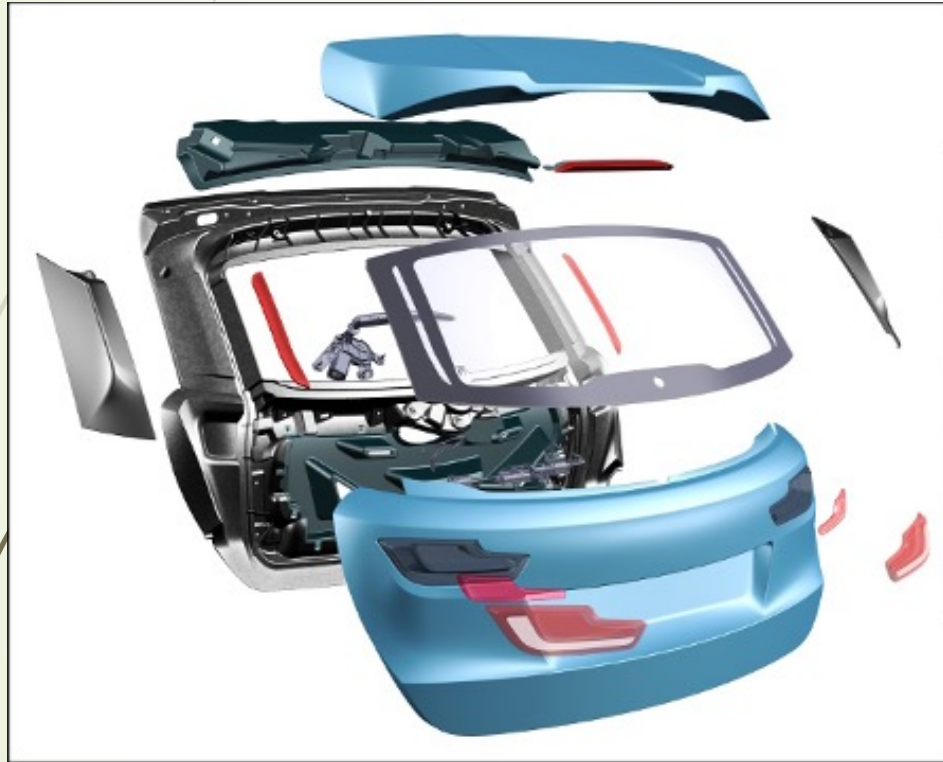
- ▶ Opportunities – new horizons

- ▶ Use of Continuous Fibers

- ▶ Use of AI-ML

- ▶ Value-Added use of embedded Electronics

A Continuous Fiber Product Possibility

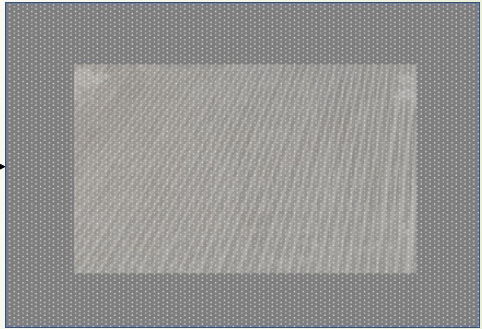


- ▶ Design & shape complexities **difficult for stamped metals**
- ▶ Continuous Fibers **improve stiffness** for composites
- ▶ **Multi-material possibilities** provide additional gains
- ▶ **Cost effective** use of continuous fiber is important

Co-Molding : Integrate Prepreg, TFP & SMC



Key Elements exist today – Can we bring them together in one application?



Sheet Molding Compound (SMC)

- SMC is the paste that is compression molded
 - 33% polyester resin and styrene, which polymerizes and crosslinks
 - 33% glass fibers (1" fibers)
 - 33% Calcium Carbonate

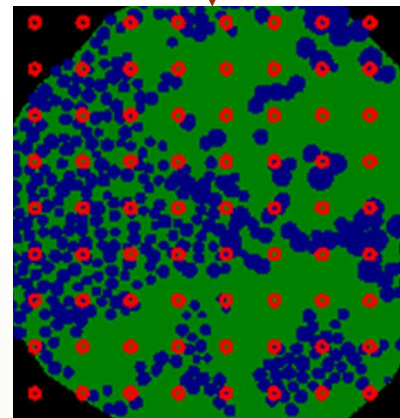
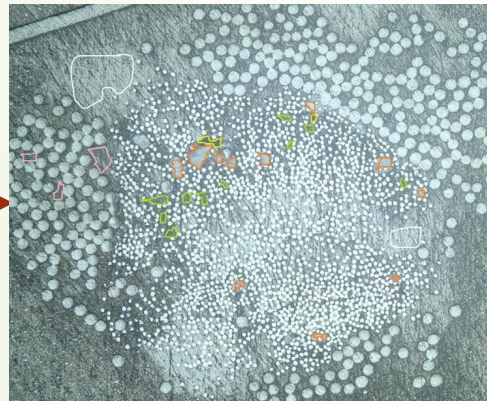
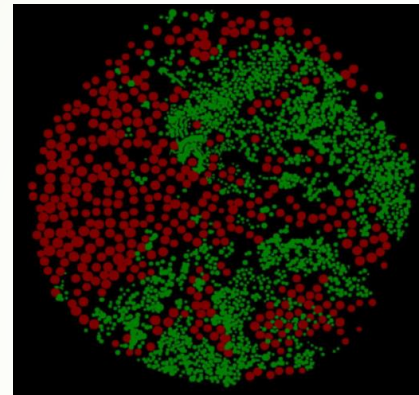
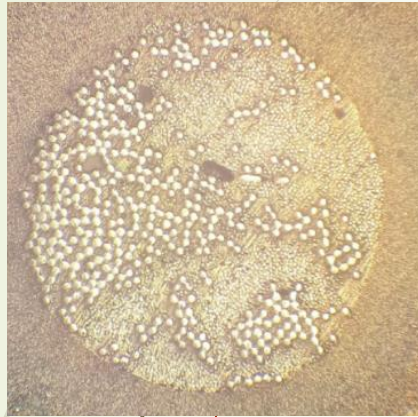
15



AI/ML Techniques Possibilities

- **Continuous collection** of manufacturing data - **numeric, alphanumeric and image**
- Past data can be used by Practitioner to **create rules using statistical/machine learning algorithm**
- The **continuously improving algorithm** controls the manufacturing process
- Improves quality & Productivity on a **continuous basis**
- Same methods are being applied to :
 - **Manufacturing**
 - **Sales Analysis**
 - **Payables analysis**

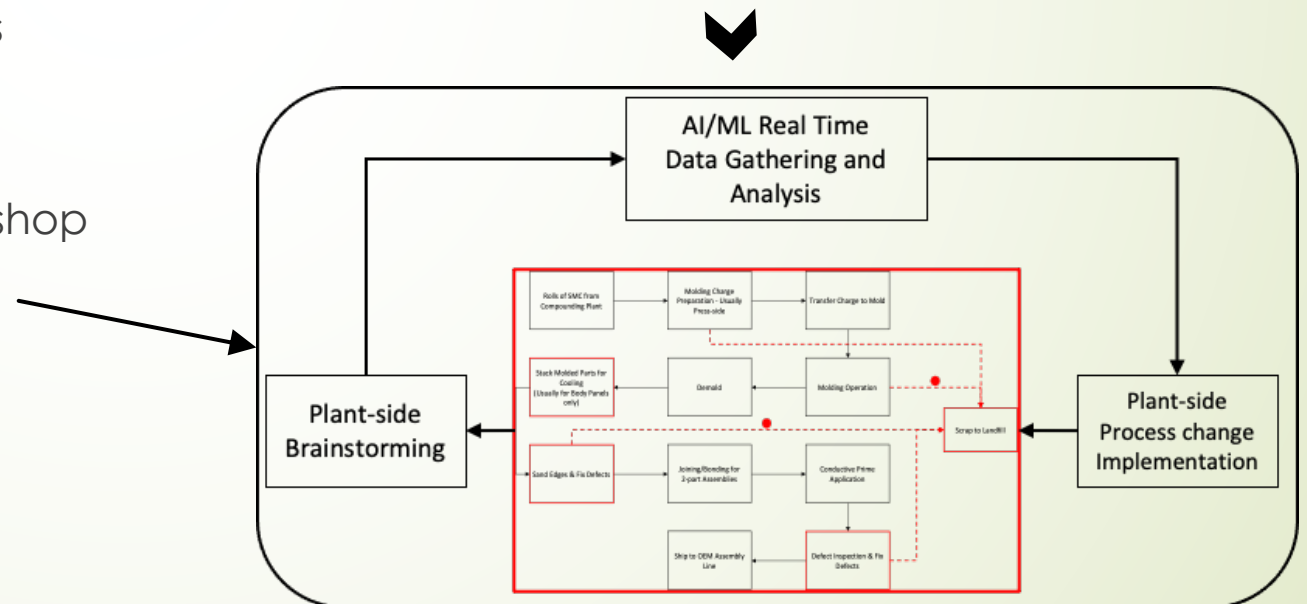
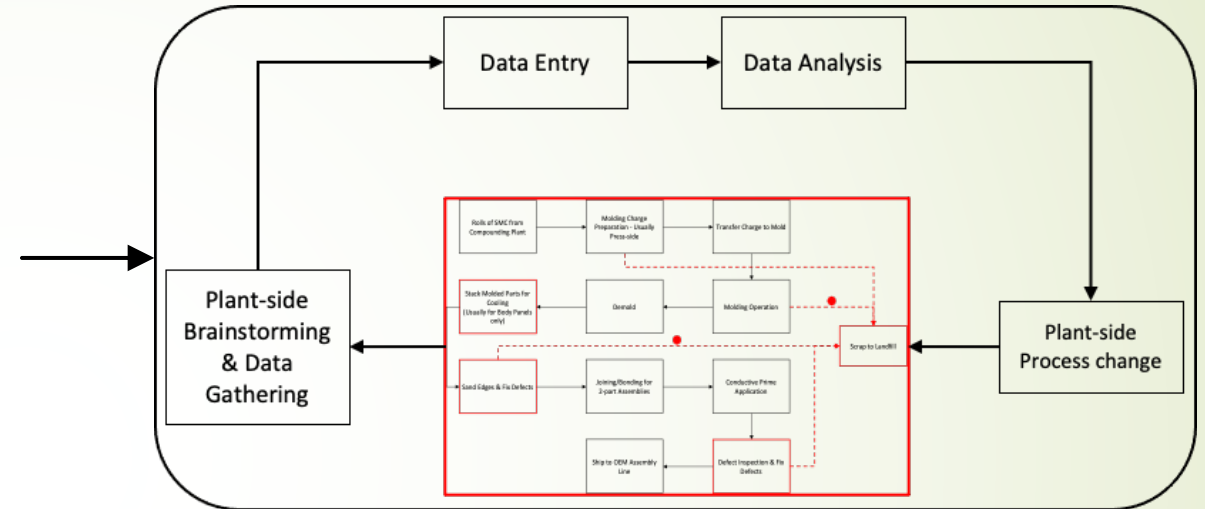
AI to Quantify Cross Section of a Composite



- An **example to demonstrate AI-ML** in composites
- Use ML to learn the images of the key ingredients in a cross section
 - Fibers; Fillers; Resin; Porosity; etc.
- Develop an Algorithm & quantify each individual image
- The entire **ML & Algorithm development took 7 days to develop**

Can We Use AI/ML For Real Time Process Improvement?

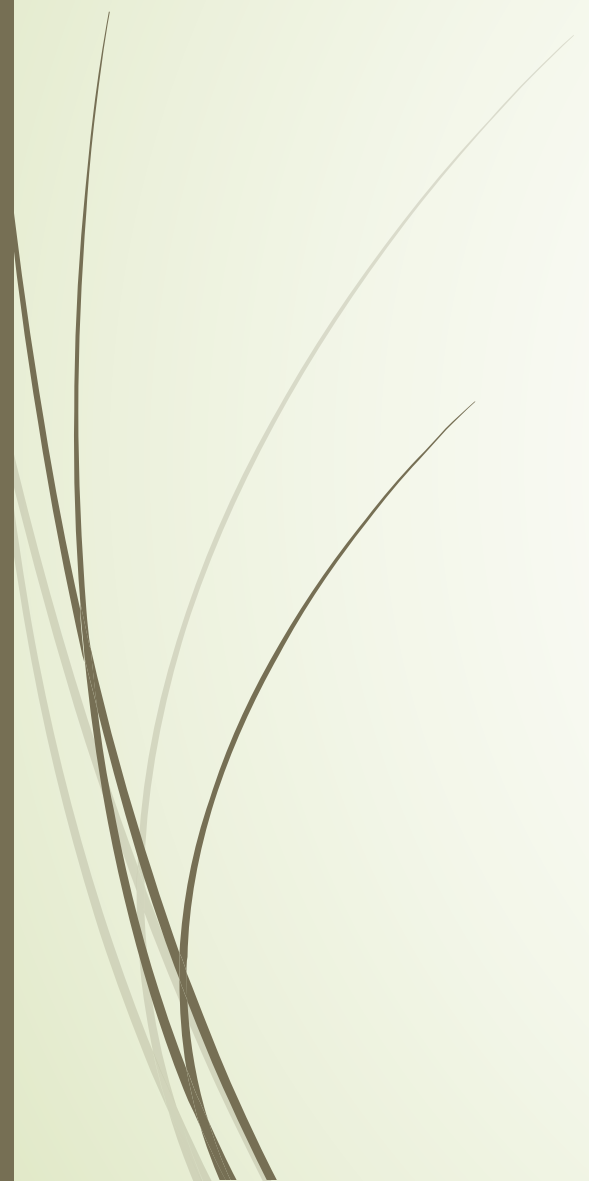
- Process improvement efforts to improve throughput have been based on
 - Statistical data gathering and analysis techniques
- Challenges faced with current methods
 - Methods are **time consuming**
- The industry is ready for new techniques
 - Rapid systems based on **Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning**
 - For **real time improvements** on the shop floor



Smart Composites with Molded Conductive Paths

- ▶ Smart automotive Liftgates are in use today
- ▶ Uses a post-mold addition of the 'smart' component to the assembled liftgate
- ▶ Composites are now able to **mold in conductive paths**
- ▶ **Can this innovation be used to impart 'smart' capabilities** without the use of significant secondary parts?
- ▶ **Cost and Weight reduction** opportunity






The Quiz!



A Questionnaire

- Please Participate!
- There are no correct or incorrect response
- There are 5 'Multiple Choice' questions
- And 5 'Yes-No' questions
- Respond with a show of hands
 - Again, there are no correct or incorrect response
 - And your response is important
- Responses will be collected and shared with the conference participants




SMC (Composites) is the material of choice because it is the...

- (1) Best Light Weight solution
- (2) Best Tooling cost solution
- (3) Offers the most Design flexibility
- (4) Best for corrosion resistance
- (5) None of the above



The biggest challenge to thermoset composite sustainability is

- (1) Inadequate end-of-life collection systems
- (2) Inadequate technology for reuse of waste stream
- (3) Market is not demanding a sustainable product
- (4) Meaning of sustainability is not clearly defined
- (5) None of the above




To be more competitive the SMC (Composites) industry should focus on....

- (1) Increasing R&D efforts Materials, Process & Design innovations
- (2) Increasing focus on reducing Cost of Poor Quality (COPQ)
- (3) Reduction of production cycle time (button to button)
- (4) Improving Customer Relationship
- (5) Other




SMC faces the stiffest competition from...

- (1) Stamped Steel
 - (2) Stamped Aluminum
 - (3) 'Other' composite materials
 - (4) Thermoplastic injection molding
 - (5) None of the above
- 



My production process of choice is

- (1) Injection molding
 - (2) Compression molding
 - (3) Resin Transfer Molding
 - (4) Liquid Compression Molding
 - (5) None of the above
- 



The SMC (Composites) Industry adequately embraces/implements new technology

Yes

No

Not Sure



We have adequate Industry-University technical partnerships in the SMC (Composites) Industry

Yes

No

Not Sure



We have adequate Industry-Customer technical partnerships in the SMC (Composites) Industry

Yes

No

Not Sure



To remain viable the SMC (Composites) industry will need a cost effective sustainability solution by 2027

Yes

No

Not Sure



Styrene is being recycled from end-of-life polystyrene

Yes

No

Not Sure



Some Final Comments

- The world of composites continues to evolve
 - We must define the challenges ahead
 - & hold on to the inherent strengths of composites
 - We have proven that we can adapt, that we are versatile and that we can innovate
 - This is a good time to be in composites
 - Thank you very much!
- 